POETRY.

From the Ladies' Magazine. TIME'S FESTIVAL. Old Time once held a festival

To bless the opening year, The feast he spread was free to all, From lowly hut, from lordly hall, He bade his guests appear, But for useful thrift he has long been famed-So lest his revel might be blamed For luxury and art, The only requisite he named

Was to come with a happy heart. Who gathered to that scene of mirth With joy's benignant brow? Time looked for none of the mighty of earth-

The potentates of lofty birth, Before whom nations bow-He knew that crowns had thorns of care— But the smiling courtier—came he there? Or fashions' brilliant throng? The proud, the brave, the rich, the fair? The lords of wit and song.

When time had scanned the number o'er That came to share his feast, 'Tis said, he declared that never more Would he hold his court on the old world's shore Or bid a titled guest— So we opine they would not join, Where the happy ones were sure to shine; And then his brightest days, Full on Freedom's mighty shrine Time turned their glorious rays.

And thus Columbia was ordained The home of the happy hearted : Not here the soul in seeming chained-Not here the smile by flattery feigned-Not here is true-love marted-But life's bright path is free to all, Yet should Time hold a festival To bless the coming year. And only bid the happy call-Who, think you, would appear? - Cornelia.

THE MINIATURE.

BY GEORGE P. MORRIS, ESQ. William was holding in his hand The likeness of his wife— Fresh, as if touched by fairy wand, With beauty, grace, and life. He almost thought it spoke—he gazed Upon the treasure still-Absorbed, delighted, and amazed To view the artist's skill.

"This picture is thyself, dear Jane! 'Tis drawn to nature truc-I've kissed it o'er and o'er again, It is so much like you." "And i t kiss you back, my dear?" "Win -no-my love," smiled he. "Then, William, it is very clear, 'Tis not at all like me 2"

REFLECTOR.

THE MAJESTY OF GOD.

Nothing is more difficult than to endeavor to form such ideas of God as are in any degree worthy of his greatness and majesty. It is as impossible for us to comprehend him perfectly, as it would be to hold the sea in the hollow of our hand, and compass the heavens with a pen. Of God, it may be justly said, he is both well known to, and concealed from us. He is very nigh, and yet infinitely beyond us-well known and very nigh in respect to his being, and infi nitely, distant and hidden in respect to his nature, perfection, and purposes --And on this very account it is our duty to endeavor to know his greatness, as it is necessary that we should form those sentiments of veneration, for they are his due. To assist our weakness in this respect, let us compare him with what men esteem and admire most, and we shall see that God is infinitely above all.

We admire the power of kings, and we are filled with astonishment when we find they have conquered vast empires —taken cities and fortresses—erected superb buildings—and have been the means of the happiness or misery of whole nations. But if we are struck with the powers of man, who is but dust and ashes, the greater part of whose exploits is due to other agents, how shall icles, xx, 17, if there were a verse more, we admire the power of God, who has and verse 16, if their were a verse less. founded the earth and formed the heavens, who holds the sun in his hand, and upholds the immense fabric of the uni- times. verse by the word of his power! We are, with reason astonished at the heat 25. of the sun, the impetuosity of the winds -the roaring of the sea, the peals of Ezra contains all the letters of the alpha-served to die at the end of the halter.— mounted, the one by a gold Eagle, and thunder, and the inconceivable rapidity bet. of the lightning; but it is God who lights up the solar fire, who thunders in chapter of Isaiah, are alike. the clouds, makes the winds his messens: gers, the flames of fire his ministers, and who raises and calms the waves of the

We justly respect those who have distinguished themselves by the extent of their knowledge; but what is the knowledge that the whole human understanding can acquire, in comparison to the wisdom of that august Being before whom all is uncovered and all knownwho counts the stars of heaven, and numbers the sands of the sea—knows the path of every drop that fall from the atmosphere—and who, with one look, beholds the past, the present, and the future, in the present moment! How much wisdom shines in the construction of the universe, in the revolution of the planets, in the arrangement of our globe -and in the smallest flower? They are so many masterpieces, which infinitely surpass the most magnificent and most perfect work of man.

the magnificence of their furniture, the incapable of appreciating it.

pomp of their clothing, the beauty of their apartments, and the abundance of gold, silver, the precious stones which shine on every side, but how little is all this compared with the riches of the Lord our God, whose throne is in the heavens, & whose footstool is the earth! The heavens are his, and the earth also; the young girls, and trifling with their phed over her gentle heart, he left her your success be the same.) This picthe habitable world and all that dwell guileless affections!" therein. He has fitted up dwellings for all creatures he has established stores young fellow. He had a fine person,for all men, and all animals—he causes when his Sunday clothes were on—a apparant indifference. But the lustre pears the Polish Eagle bearing the arms grass to grow for cattle, and corn for the clear black eye, and red cheeks-He gradually left her eye, her cheeks grew of Poland from which are suspended meservice of man. All that is useful and wore a pair of whiskers at eighteen .- pale and thin, and her fine red lips took dallion portraits of Kosciusko, Washingexcellent in the world is drawn from his During his vacations, our village girls a death like purple hue. She murmur- ton and Lafayette, surrounded by the treasures. Life, health, tiches, glory,- were all in a tumult. All were anxious ed not against him. She complained to banners of their respective nations. The happiness, every thing that can constito have the honor of his attentions -and no one. Her friends observed that she inscription below-"To the brave sons tute the good of his creatures-all are in many an eye has closed, with a tear unhis hands, and he distributes them ac- der its lid, after waiting the whole evecording to his good pleasure.

when they command a multitude of subjects, and reign over many countries ;to them, in comparison with the empire but a small province, which extends ohis throne the cherubim and seraphim ever ready to fly and execute his orders!

We judge of the greatness of men by their actions. We celebrate kings who have built cities and palaces, who have governed their estates well, and who have successfully accomplished great designs. But how astonishing are the works of the Most High! How wonderful the creation of the immense universe —the preservation of so many creatures, the wise and beautiful government of innumerable worlds, the redemption of the human race, the punishment of the wicked, and the recompense of the good

Who is like unto the O Lord! Thou art great, thy name is great, and thy works proclaim thy grandeur! Nothing can be imagined equal to the greatness of our God. Should not a religious reverence ever possess our souls at the thought of the presense of the Ruler of the world, the Lord, who encompasses all our paths! The brightness of the stars is absorded by the presense of the sun. Thus all the glory, all the knowledge, all the power, and all the riches of the world vanish when compared with the glory and majesty of God. The soul exults and is enabled in meditating on the greatness of the Most High. Such sublime meditations delightfully exercise all our spiritual faculties—we are filled with reverence, admiration, and joy, when, in a holy transport, we represent to our minds, the Being of beings. the Eternal, Almighty, Infinite! Car we help exclaiming with exstacy, The Lord he is God! The Lord he is God Give glory to him forever and ever.

THE BIBLE.

The following is an account of the number of books, chapters, verses, words and letters, in the Old and New Testa-

OLD TESTAMENT. Number of Books 929 Chapters 23,214 Verses Words 592,439 Letters 2,728, 100 The middle Book is Proverbs.

The middle Chapter is Job, xxix. The middle Verse would be in Chron-

The word AND occurs 35,543 times.

NEW TESTAMENT. Number of Books 27 Chapters 260 Verse 7959 Words 181,258 Letters 833,380 The middle book is II Thessalonians

The middle Chapter is Romans xIII. if there were a chapter less. The middle verse is Acts &vii, 17. The shortest verse is John XI. 35.

OLD AND NEW TESTAMENT. Number of Books Chapters 1,189 31,173 Verses

773,697 Words 3,566,480 Letters The middle chapter, and least in the Bible, is Psalm exviii, 8.

The calculator is said to have had three years of his life occupied in forming this table!

We are dazzled with the splendor of Never give counsel when it is not as-

MISCELLANY.

A STORY WITH A MORAL. BEING A LEAF FROM THE JOGRNAL OF ABSALOM ALLEN.

"It will never do, Jedediah," said my uncle Obed Allen to my younger brother -it will never do-this flirting with all

My brother Jedediah was a handsome blight as he has done this. ning at the window, with the expecta- er, that the machinery of her existence | The White Standard (an original dehorseblock.

but what is that spot which is subject stood on a Sunday in the gallery at church almost shunned society, and spent her guiding the star of Freedom to the east. and led the choir. He knew they tho't time, when the weather would permit,- the whole design corresponding with of the universe, of which our globe is him handsome—that he was admired— in wandering among the hills and the the motto seen floating with the clouds. and he was fool enough to be flattered | forests. ver all the heavenly bodies and their in- by such things. His vanity grew, at last, habitants! How great must that master to be his ruling passion, and he thought

the girls-riding with one, walking with another and "setting up" with another .- her. They traversed the forest and thick tri-color. On the opposite side is depic-He made declarations in a garland of et for a long while in vain. They shou- ted the "Dernier trait de courage du Joevery bright eye in the village, with a and blew their horns from the tops of the ter the battle of Leipzig, Oct. 19, 1813. banquet of the sweetest and freshest hills. But echo alone replied. rosebuds he could gather. As long as At length, about midnight, one of the my of Poles at his own expense, termed their admiration had the charm of nov- party on his return, discovered her on the Polish Legion, is covering the reelty, he was all devotion—but when that the edge of a high ledge of rocks, seated treat of Napoleon, after his passage thro' bee, to some fresher flower.

Isabel Johnson, one of the sweetest girls, of our village. As he came into the room, he snapt the dew out of his whiskers with high glee, and sung out at the top of his voice-"I say, Absalom,' said he, "that Bell Johnson is not to be sneezed at on a damp day. She's a real cauliflower. What a foot she's got-Did'st ever see her dance, uncle Obed? You'd think her the shadow of a gossamar, she is so light. Ah, Absalom, my boy, such a tramp as we have had !-Such flowers as we have gathered! Faith, every time she trod her little hoof upon the violets, there came up such a cloud of perfume, you would have thought Madam Flora was lighting up every one of her incense who's who !"

won't do Jedediah," said he, and his tals, under which there was a drooping table and walked off. voice croaked with emotion as he spoke; white lily, in full bloom, around whose "it won't do I say! All this may be, it's stock, a small adder had coiled himself, when Lord Airly and a number of other strawberries and cream," to such a cra- his head thrust into the cup of the flowzy pate as yours. It may be fine fun to er, as if he were sucking away the life lord high commissioner. His text was, win the heart of such an innocent being juice of the lovely plant. This was her as Bell Johnson, just to throw it away only epitaph. No one, who knew her again, like a wormless orange after you story, could be at a loss, as to the dehave squeezed the juice out. But mark sign. my words Jedediah. I have seen more days than you, and observed somewhat of the ways by which Providence brings his righteous ends about. Justice is sure Standards about to be forwarded to the in the scotch churches a custom for the of foot, Jedediah, though slow-mark Poles by the young men of Boston, ap- clerk, or precentor, as he is there called, The word Jehovan occurs 6,855 that. And for every idle word and deed pears in the Boston Courier of last Sat- to set up a half hour sand glass to warn of yours, there will be a day of account urday. The shortest verse is I Chronicles 1 here or elsewhere. It is true I have seen some precious scoundrels in my and the other of White; the Staffs are of his oratory, than Lord Airly had, on The 21st verse of the 7th chapter of day die quietly in their beds, who de- of bird's eye maple, highly polished, the preceeding evening, been of his And the preacher says, 'there is one e- the other by a Battle Axe of blue steel; up to admoni h him that the glass The 19th of the II Kings, and 37th vent to all, both the righteous and the the tassels have a very rich appearance, was near out, he coolly told him, loud wicked.' But, observe, my pretty fel- being wrought from pure gold. low, I never knew a graceless rogue The Blue Standard bears an original er glass and then." that trifled with a woman's affections, - design by Hubbard, intended for an alwho did not, ever after, find a bitter legorical representation of the insurreccurse in his cup. Judgement follows tion in Poland; one of the Youths of hard upon such misdeeds. I believe Poland, in the dress of a Polish Lancer, there is a special woe denounced upon is seen standing upon the rock of liberthe wretch-and he might as well at- ty, with a tri-colored flag, having wountempt to fly into the regions of infinite ded the Dragon of oppression, and space, as to try to escape it.

ediah, if you would prosper. If you Liberty, who appears in the clouds, a would live to lie down without dream- mid a blaze of glory; in the back ground ing of fire and brimstone, or would die is pictured the storm and fury incident without hearing the wail of a broken to revolutions, with lightning bursting hearted one knelling in your ears. But from the clouds and smiting the Dragon. let this motto be your guide when you At the top of the picture appears the go among the sweet innocent flowers Bird of Liberty. bearing a parchment, whom God has raised up here.

gratify."

He took a long and deep draught from test inscribed. The upper scrawl con- ting assemblies in Russia, and which we his mug of cider, and then rose from the tains the words "Deo adjuranta timontable and walked out of the room.

me, half mad and half ashamed, and glory." On the opposite side the main drunk before nine."

with the gay. It was evident, howev- ton."

she had spent away from home in this drawn by the three Eagles of Poland, be who has all monarchs of the universe the party tedious where half the eyes manner, her parents observed that she America and France—the nationality infor his servants, and who beholds around in the roomwere not directed towards him. did not return at her usual hour. They diested by the color of the traces attach-He spent his vacations wholly with became alarmed, and rousing a party of ed to the car, forming likewise, by, an their neighbors, they went in pursuit of accidental coincidence, the celebrated flowers, and expressed his adoration to ted her name through the deep glens seph Ponitowski," in a battle piece, af-

> was gone he flew away, like a surfeited at the foot of an old beach, which hung Warsaw. The Eagle above, in a halo At the time uncle Obed addressed him as soon as he discovered her. She re- ards, with the national mottos of Poland as I have stated, we were sitting at the turned no answer. He thought she and America, united with the last exclabreakfast table. Jedediah had just re- might be asleep, and he clambered up mation of the brave Prince, "Il vaut miturned from a walk among the hills, with the rocks to where she sat. He called eux mourir avec honneur que de se rencut into the smooth bark. It seemed as 1831." if she had been trying to trace them out in the dark. Doubtless such was the fact, and that her broken spirit had passed away while busied in this strange but natural effort.

POLISH STANDARDS.

Essex Guzette.

thrown down his sword, in the attitude Leave of these wicked ways then, Jed- of receiving a sword from the Angel of with the dates descriptive of the revolu-"Never excite expections you do not intend to tions in Poland and America. Encir-Here unkle Obed's voice grew husky. names of the heroes of the present con-

then contemptuously whistled whew!!! subject is Washington passing the Dele-My foolish brother continued to flirt ware, amidst the "snow, sleet and rain," with Isabel, autil her whole being was which characterized that memorable and locked up in his. Her friends caution- daring achievement, so conducing tothe ed her in vain-she was blind to the success of our own revolution-the desuggestions of her better judgment. At scriptive motto, "Paribus auspicis par sit length, when he had completely trium- fortuna," (your cause the same, may and sought some other sweet flower to ture is enclosed by a laurel wreath, forming a broad massive border, connected Isabel bore his coldness awhile with by the chain of union. At the top apmingled more with the pious, and less of Poland from the Young Men of Bos-

We respect the great men of the earth tion of seeing Jedediah ride up to the was gradually running down; and eve- sign of Hubbard) represents the Godry day was expected to bring some story dess of Liberty in her car, with the wand He saw their sly glances at him, as he of her sickness or death. At length she of Liberty, by which she appears to be "Afflictis sidus amicum," (A star of One evening of a pleasant day which Hope to the persecuted.) The car is wherein that Prince having raised an arover the precipice. He called on her of glory, is seen bearing the two standagain, and louder; but she answered not. dre," (Gentlemen, it is better to die Then he touched her shoulder, and gent- with honor than to surrender.) The ly shook her, and started back with hor | picture is surrounded with shields, bearror. She was dead—cold and stiff; — ing the names of the revolutionary hethough, as she sat, she looked more like roes intermingled, of Poland and Amerione enjoying a quiet slumber: Her left | ca. On the scroll which forms the base arm rested on the trunk of the tree and of the ornaments, is inscribed, "Presentthe fingers of her right hand were laid ed by the Young Men of Boston, U. S. upon the letters of my brother's name, - A. to the heroic Poles, Anno Domini.

ANOTHER GLASS AND THEN.

A parson having been appointed to preach before his Majesty's commissions at Edinburg, the Earl of Airly thought it She was buried in the village church would be a good joke to get him drunk, yard, the next day, without any parade. so as to incapacitate him. Accordingly burning altars. But hark ye !- We stop- For the story of her life and death be- on the day before the sermon was to be ped a while upon the brink of the ledge coming one of the traditions of the place, preached, his lordship invited the man on old chesnut hill, and looked down and the stranger may hear it told by any of God to dinner, and plied the bottle as upon the waters as it tumbled over the one of the villagers, should be chance to hard as he could. Notwithstanding all mill dam. Bell gazed at it, as if she ask whose neat white marble monument | the entreaties of the preacher, he could saw ten thousand little maids dancing it is which stands in the corner of the not get away till long past midnight .minutes upon the bubbles. While she | yard with a strangely quaint de ice sculp | When he reminded my lord that he was was looking, I took her little paw, so- tured upon it. Our school master had to preach next day, and had not comthen I squeezed it gently so-and whis- been a rejected lover of Isabel's, and he posed a word of his sermon, the answer pered in her ear, so But, uncle Obed, procured the artist who executed her constantly was, Well, another glass and Mum's the word-* * * Bell & I knows monument, to carve upon it an emblem | then!" Being however, such a divine of his own devising. It consisted simp- as the one described by Thompson, he It was then uncle Obed spoke. "It ly of her name in beautiful German capi- at length laid the noble lord under the

> He appeared in his place at church, noblemen and gentlemen attended the "The wicked shall be punished, and that right early," which he took care to repeat often enough in the midst of his discourse, accompanied always with a motion of his fist, showing that he did not forget the trick attempted the prece-The following description of the two ding evening. It was then, as it still is the preacher when it was time to give One of the Standards is of Blue Silk, over. Our doctor was no more sparing wine; whenever the precentor looked enough for Lord Airly to hear, - "Anoth-

> > Highland notion of Toothbrushes. family in Edinburgh, not keeping a footman, engaged a H ghlander to serve them during a visit from a man of fashion. Dinner having waited an unreasonable time one day for the guest, Duncan was sent into his room to inform him that it was on the table. But he not coming, Duncan was sent again; still they waited, and the lady at last said to the man' "What can the gentleman be doing?" "Please ye, Madam," said Duncan, "the gentleman was only sharpening his teeth."

ORDONNANCE ROYALE.—The followcled are shields of marble, with the ing is one of the many curious ordinances of Catharine Alexowena, for regulaspecially recommend to the notice of all dum," (when God assists there is noth- tippling dowagers of modern days, "VIII As he closed the door behind him, - ing to fear.) "A token of admiration to No ladies are to get drunk upon any prerighes, we admire the palaces of kings, ked of you; especially to those who are Jedediah drew a long breath, looked at the heroes who revived their country's tence whatever, nor shall gentlemen be

and in it.

EXPRESS FROM BRUSSELS.

From the London Morning Herald. of their capital.

DEFEAT OF THE ARMY OF THE

SHELDT—HIS MAJESTY AT MALINES. BRUSSELS-Friday, August 12-This city was in a most dreadful state of agi- city. tation this morning. The Dutch having the drums at an early hour beat to arms. Lublin. and the inhabitants were flying in every about 2 o'clock, the Dutch formed them-, out in Volhynia. selves in line of battle, and at 4 o'clock of Europe at defiance, they would doubt- inces of Russia. less have received assistance; but they other nation. I think the peace of Eu- Campaign had the opportunity of expo- It appeared to be transformed in t an a- by which Cediz was to be deprived, at rope more likely to be preserved now sing his views and of initiating in his se- rena where each party would force its four days notice, of its privilege as a free the voyage. than it would have been had the Belgi- crets the members of the Grand Council adversaries, by violent means to submit port. ans been victorious.

sels gate all the others being guarded by having sworn to observe secresy, on nacity of his character and his desire to the Dutch, about eleven o'clock, with which the hope of Poland depend, sepa- force the chamber to bend to his wisha smait detachment of Lancers, and rated full of hope. The army well.dis- es. crossed the country to Melmes. With- ciplined and the people too are ready to Paris, Aug. 19. (Midnight.)-We in five minutes of his Majesty's leaving execute the orders given by the Gener- have received from the army the partiethe high road near this city, a regiment alissimo. Never was the moment more wlars of the Convention concluded beof Dutch Cairassiers took possession of favorable for the representative of the tween Gen. Bellard and the Prince of been felt at the probable withdrawel of the Chausee; the King could hardly French nation to pronounce in favor of Orange. have been out of sight. The Dutch our National Independence. France then advanced to Cortenburg, about 8 has still time to acknowledge us, but let the Dutch army shall begin to morrow its which was the last on Thursday aftermiles from Brussels, and took possesing to within a league of Teruereu.

The French troops who have been lying at Halle and Waterloo entered night.—The convention concluded yes-Brussels, with the two Princes, about 2 terday, is carried into execution to-day. o'clock. The enthusiasm with which The Dutch troops retire on two roads, they were received nearly equalled the Ferlemont and Diest. Six days are nereception of Leopold. Marshall Gerard arrived in the morning, and was greet- A part of the French army will follow no troops should enter the town of Loued with every exclamation of joy. The them as a matter of form. Belgians have to thank the French for the safety of Brussels-the Dutch could The Prince of Orange has conducted have entered it when they pleased. The with wisdom and prudence this Camnumber of French in this city is about 5,000 infantry, cavelry and artillery.

fiard proceeded to the head quarters of certain nobleness in his retreat before the Duke of Saxe Weimer, and remain- the French army, which, be it observed ed with him a considerable time. The has not been in consequence of the infe-Duke ceased opperation after the inter view with the General. In the course army being able to meet the fifty thousof the day the General made known to a single shot on Louvain, it would be does honor to the Prince of Orange and claration of war, but more particularly said by General Belliard, who has an op-

the Prince of Orange, and two French notwithstanding the desire he had to er diversity of voting than has as yet taofficers, left this evening for head quar-

ters of his Royal Highness. FIVE O'CLOCK.—We ste again in a the most respectable families have left ny of the villages or towns between this and the frontiers of France.

NEWS BY THE ALABAMA, STILL LATER.

It will be perceived that the news from Poland are more favorable, and that the investigation into the conduct of Schrzynecki has resulted in his honorable acquittal. This has produced union and concert among them, and will enable them to resist with renewed energy the assaults of their enemies.

The Dutch have quietly withdrawn from Belgium, in consequence of an amicable convention with Gen. Girard.who, with his army will accompany them to the frontiers.

It had been reported in Paris that a duel had been fought between Gen Sebestiani and Gen. Lamrque. It did not however, take place, although we colfeet from our papers, that there had been

some probability of one.

the Chamber of Deputies, that the of Deputies on the address, with the day last. French army would not leave Belgium, speech of M. Casimer Perrier. At pres-But would take such positions as would ent we shall refrain from any comment we deem a highly important and grati- er, the invaders went off to the North expected to be \$1,200,000.

er and of the Belgic army threw them- Schrzynecki, and in the dangerous con- over a brave and suffering people. selves into Louvain. I do not believe jectures in which we found ourselves,there has been many either killed or recourse was had to a grand council of have risen much on the pacific speech been decreed contingently in the event of wounded. Their conduct is disgraceful, War, composed of the members of the of M. Perrier, although "The Charter the voluntary subscriptions not proving yet one is almost inclined to pity them; National Government, the most experi- and Peace" have been the rallying words sufficient, would, it was supposed, now they have but few officers, and those enced Generals, of eight members of the at the Bourse. The five per Cents, are take place. they have were the first to fly. Had Diet, representing each palateorate of at 85f. 75c., and the Three per Cents 53f they not been in the habit of bragging; the present kingdoms, and of some oth- 70c. most intolerably, and setting the whole er patriots, representing the Polish prov-

His Majesty left Louvain by the Brus- whole nation. All the members after ident of the Council, evinced all the te

our future conduct. Brussels, Aug. 14th, 10 o'clock at

We must do justice to all parties.paign, which he might have terminated in fifteen days by the complete occupa-Very early this morning General Bel- tion of Belgium. And now, there is a riority of his forces or of fear,) the Dutch and men commanded by Gen. Gerard,) the Prince of Orange that should be fire but only from a spirit of moderation that considered by the Five Powers as a de- his father. What I now say, is what is portunity of observing every thing close-Lord W. Russell, the aid-de.camp of ly, and by Marshall Gerard himself,measure his strength with the Holland- ken place since the bill was in Commit-

state of alarm. It is said the Dutch are the country are now under consideration bers against them were 122-giving a moving towards Brussells. The Civic | the disbanding of the army and the majority in favor of Ministers of 119. guard are marching to the gates, and civic guard, and the complete expulsion | Many members gave up their objecfresh cannon have been sent for their of all those surrounding the King. Le- tions to the cause expressly to support protection. I have just been on the opold must take these steps; he is will Ministers and carry the Bill; and the ence in the position of the Dutch. All portunity of seeing the absolute incapa- the support of only '5 who have hith city of the intriguers who are about him. erto invariably opposed ministers. aus, and there is not a hed to be got in a- Will it be believed that at the moment it Robert Peel, Mr. Goulburn, Mr. Croker had taken place with various success.was necessary he should send a flag of and other opposition Members left the truce to the Prince of Orange to open house and did not vote, although they the way, for Mr Adair and Lord John spoke in favor of the clause. Russell, who were to agree on the conditions of the armistic, not one of his Members, who have usually supported 6000 or 7000 foot. Two adjoining citguards or officers of his staff were to be Ministers, of whom 12 were Irish, voted found! and he was obliged to send a young Frenchman who was with him as Irish members, usually friendly to the a volunteer.

The intention of M. Belliard, appears to be, to oblige the Dutch to evancate division, the friends of the bill may conimmediately, all the Belgian territory, sider it conclusive as to its final success including the citadel at Antwerp, to pay in the House of Common. an indemnity for the expenses of the war in fine, to give up to Belgium, Zealand luded yesterday, the Division of Coun-Flanders. These are the intentions of ties, was carried by 241 to 132. Let us rious Dutch to accept conditions which tocracy, creating a number of rotten disbelaten.

FRANCE.

The Paris papers which arrived this the people. - Chronicle. morning contain a long and interesting

and give time to the Belgian to reorgan- mer Perrier admits that it is not his in- bers are embodying themselves. There stragglers were overtaken, and either tention to recognize the independence is a document in circulation amongst killed or taken prisoners. Notice is ta-Accounts from Warsaw, dated the of Poland, to take any other step in its them, addressed to Lord Gray, in which ken of the first party of troops which We have received Belgian papers and 29th July, state that the Lithuanians and behalf than negociation, and yet he pre- it is declared, be not done to Ireland, - went against the invaders under the diprivate letters to the date of yesterday.- Volhynians have received aid to prose-tends-whilst he assures the parties who they will withdraw their support from rection of the civil assistant resident, all They bring the mortifying intelligence cute the war against Russia. The Po- have disregarded all negociation, on this the Government after the passing of the of whom were put to death. And, on of fresh advantages obtained by the lish Diet prepared a proclamation to point, that they have nothing to fear Reform Bill. The signatures already the other hand, a party of the enemy de-Dutch over the Belgians, and under cir- stimulate and encourage the nation. It from continued refusal and contempt- attached to this document are numerous, fending a position which was takeh; cumstances which go to compromise for appears that the utmost harmony and un- that the mode of intervention which he and there is no doubt, that if the object were all put to the sword, and the offiever Belgian honor. Even the King's ion prevails in Watsaw-that the most adopts will be productive of benefit to demanded be not obtained, the Whig cer who commanded is greatly praised personal safety seems to have been en- judicious military plans have been taken the Poles. This is really absurd. We Administration must be speedily dissolv. for directing the soldiery to do so. At dangered. But for the French army, which are kept in profound secret—and commend M. Casimer Perrier for his ed. The crisis, indeed, is more than e- Yurkand a few convicts aided the reguler whose presence these brave patriots so that the most patriotic resistance will be attempt. to preserve peace—we ven momentous. We believe that there troops, and as a reward, the survivors loudly protested against some days ago, made by every Pole against the Russian agree with him in opinion that France is not a man in the Government who is are to be liberated, and sent home to the would now have been in possession hordes. All fear had disappeared. The can hardly be required to act alone; but not now prepared for a general war. In their native places, but placed under the Commander-in-Chief Schrzynecki, oc- how childish it is to tell the enslavers of deed it is confidently asserted, that au- care of the local magistracy. cupied the day of the 28th in examining Poland that no bad consequences can re- thentic intelligence has been received in the new batteries of Warsaw, the can- sult to them from their refusal to do what that Austria, Russia, and Prussia are alnon of which was manufactured in the the French Government recommends.- lies of Holland. The Tories regard this M. Perrier might negociate till dooms- as favorable to their return to power;-The Warsaw Courier states that the day after such an admission, and still ne- and the Whigs, if they be not utterly beadvanced within eight miles of Brussels, corps of Gen. Rudiger had evaucated gociate in vain. On this subject he will sotted, must feel more than ever the nefind the people of France stronger than cessity of strengthening themselves in The Prussian Official Gazette states the Government, and we, therefore, re- Ireland by acts of practical, enlarged,direction. It appears that this morning that the insurrection has again broken commend to the Emperor of Russia to re- and substantial justice." flect that M. Perrier is not France. The WARSAW, 29th July.—Our inquiet- motives of the minister are good-his dam, it appears that the general enthuattacked the Belgic army near Louvain. ude is at an end. The most perfect and views, generally speaking, if not exactly siasm in favor of the war with Eelgium excited no sensation among those where The Durch opened upon them in three cordial union presides over our destinies. generous, are wise; but if Russia and is fully participated in by the monied incolumns, and commenced firing in every The treason of General Jankowski, the Prussia would preserve peace, they will terest. The Dutch Minister of Finance direction; the Belgians instantly took to unfavorable turn of affairs in Lithuania, consider that the friends of Poland in has announced that the voluntary subflight, and the greatest disorder reigned and the passage of the Vistula by the France are as ninety-nine to one,—and scriptions from all parts of the country, 522, besides \$173,063 in specie. This amongst them; they threw away their Russian army, commanded by Field that to persist in the contest against Po- have amounted to 18,000,000 of floring, arms and caps, and tried to outdo each Marshall Paskewitsch, appeared to put lish freedom is to create a commotion in which sum, with the ordinary means at otar in running; by 6 o'clock the field the fate of our country in danger. The France fatal to the peace of Europe, - his disposal, will be sufficient, according of bestie was clear, and the Dutch mas- nation was decirous to know the plans and much more destructive to their in- to his estimate, to cover all the expenters of the whole of Belgium; the great- and determination of the Generalissimo, terest than the loss of absolute dominion ses of the state, including the interest on

Courser 13th evening.

The Generalissimo who owes his rank | Chambers of Deputies, yesterday presen- a royal order had arrived from Madri. that is to say, the representatives of the to its opinions. In this debate the Pres-

her hasten, our access for eight months retrogade movement. The Prince of Gerard to make known to him the route of the country will not be maintained .-Dutch) will assume at night, as the French army will accompany the Dutch to the frontiers. The Prince at the recessary for them to regain their frontiers. quest of Gen. Bellard has promised that vain, provisions and forage will be furnished to the Dutch army, who will bivouac near Louvain without entering them.

> Paris, 15th Aug.-We begin to think that the affairs of Poland may have a better issue than was expected. Polish Envoys who are here, feel more confidence. They hope much from the vote of the Chambers on the paragraph of the address relating to Poland, and above all, from the amendment which will be offered, and the purpost of which will be, that the independence of Poland shall be acknowledged.

ENGLAND. From the Chronicle.

Reform.—In the division on the clause for dividing counties, there was a greattee. The numbers for the division, and Important measures in the interior of with Ministers, were 241-and the num-

It will be seen by the list that 47 against them on this occasion, Bill. left the house without voting.

From all circumstances attending this

The important clause to which we algive the representation substantially to

By the private letters from Amster-

the annual debt, due on the 1st of Jan-The French funds do not appear to uary 1832. The forced loan which had

It seems that the freedom of the port of Cadiz is not for the present to be disturbed. Letters from thence of the 26tl. PARIS, 16th.—The session of the ult. have been received, which state that started at 5 23 P. M., and landed at Parspurned the Dutch, and browheat every to the development of his ideas on the ted an afflicting spectacle to the world - recalling that decree, before adverted to

> It is now restored to the situation in which it was placed by the decree of mometer 69-Barometer at 27, 542, e-February 1829, viz. that it is not to lose qual to an elevation of about 2976 feet this privilege without 12 months notice. ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

The funds are heavy this morning in consequence of the news by express from Paris,—that great disappointment had the French troops from Belgium. The Official document.—It is agreed that three per cents have been sold at 54,noon. It is said assistance must be givsion of the whole of the heights extend. past are sufficent guarantees to her for Orange will send an officer to General en by France to the Poles, or the peace which his army will take, and to fix up- Consuls for Account have fallen this on the stations each army (French and morning from 81 7-8 to 81 3-8-the present price is 81 5-8.

From the Lon. Obs. Aug. 8.

mander in Italy, the Archduke Rudolph possible to reach Paterson, and resolved the brother of the Emperor, the Austrian to finish my voyage, but previously to Commander-in-Chief in Gallicia, and the make some experiments. Accordingly, wife of Constantine, are now to be add- I threw out some ballast, till 20 minutes ed to the list. the Cholera.

Canton papers to the 2d April.

the former fire on the first of canuary.

has given notice that he Goes not conoffice.

24th Sept. Troops were sollecting from Sir various quarters. Several skirmishes and, which the 'bandits' were attacking, they are stated to have lost 200 men. Their forces were stated 600 horse and ies were on their side, The Emperor insurrection. It is said the imperial treasury is by no means well filled,operations very undesirable. The latest official accounts from the rebellious districts, are dated;

rial troops from Ele, accompanied by morning." convicts acting as a militia. Some of his The following paragraph appears in Majesty's forces took a circuit by Koten

prevent the return of the Dutch troops, - upon it, except as to Poland. M. Casi- lying announcement. The Irish mem- west and escaped their pursuers. Some

PIRATES.—Chinese pirates, notwithstanding the severity of the government, continue their depredations on the coast. On the 21st of the 12th moon, 12 men accused of this crime were decapitated, and on the day following, eight more suffered the same punishment, thus destroying by a violent death twenty hucoun human beings, which circumstance was as usual not known to a great majority of the inhabitants of Canton, and did know it.

MANILLA.—The imports at Mauilla in 1830, amounted in value, to \$1,562was done by means of 37 spanish vessels and 73 foreign. Exports, \$1,497,621, and \$81,852 in specie, in 37 Spanish vessels, and 74 foreign. Of the foreign vessels, 29 were American, 22 English, 8 French, 4 Dutch, 3 Portuguese, 5 Chinese junks. &c. Revenue from the customs, \$228,061.

A voyage in the Air. - Mr. Durant, the Æronaut, made his fourth Balloon ascent from Castle Garden, New York, on Wednesday last, without accident, He amus 22 miles distant from New York,

The following is his own account of

"Started at 5 23—Thermometer 78— Barometer at 30 65. At 5 31—Ther-—and continued the voyage at about the same elevation—occasionally descending to within hailing distance. At New Durasm and Hackensack, I was near enough to the earth to hear distinctly the remarks of the people.

"At 5 minutes past 6 I was suspended over the scare place where I landed last year, and could at this time have anchored within 150 yards of the same spot.

"Ato minutes past 6, I was abreast of the town of Mackensack, and passed a lew yards to westward, sufficiently near to converse with the inhabitants, and hear the Jourt-House Bell.

"When Hest New York, I decided on landing at Paterson, and discovering that Death has been busy of late among the wind was strongest near the earth, I the great ones of the earth. Constan- endeavored to avoid a high elevation, tine and Diebitsch have gone to their lest night should approach before I reachaccount. It is not yet certain that the ed my destination. But from the con-Emperor Nicholas has not followed versation I held with people passing Hackensack, and the evident change I Baron Firmont, the Austrian Com- discovered in the wind, I found it im-The two latter died of past 6, when the thermometer fell to 59 deg. and barometer to 24 815—equal to From Canton. By the ship Roman, - an elevation of 5584 feet, -a little more Capt. Lavender the New York Journal than a mile. I now decided to land. & of Commerce of Sept. 20, has received selected a place for the purpose, but tound I was in error respect by the angle About 2 o'clock in the morning of 12th I should make in reaching it; it is ap-March, a second conflagration occurred proaching the earth, I discovered that I in the Governor's palace, which destroy- could not touch within two hundred ed the few apartments that Uscaped from yards of the place selected. My anchor with about 256 feet of cord suspended The Postuguese Governor of Macas from the car I cut away, to avoid being entangled in a wood which I was apsider the edict prohibiting the residence proaching—the balloon in a few minutes of foreigners on that Island, as intended passed over the woods, and in a fine to exclude those already renting houses country for landing. I selected a field, with the sanction of his predecessor in suspended my light anchor, with two or three hundred feet of cord, which struck The rebellion in the North (Cashgar) at 41 minutes past 6, on the farm of Mr. still continues, and appears to be some- Zabriskie, who caught the anchor in a heights. I cannot perceive any differ- disposed to do it, for he has had an op- following list will show that they had what formidable. It broke out on the few seconds after it touched the earth-He disengaged the anchor, and assisted by several gentleman, towed me about 400 yards to the centre of the town of In one of them, before the city of Yark- Paramus, in front of Mr. Harman Luikin's tavern, where a fine place and every facility was rendered me to secure the balloon, which is not injured in the least degree.

"I stept off my car for the first time of had ordered 4700 camels to be prepared half past 7, at a distance of about 22 to transport the materials of war across miles from Castle Garden. Mr. Lutkins the desert of Cobi, to the seat of the had tea prepared in a few minutes, and I partook of the repast with a fine appetite, and left town at a quarter past 9, which renders these occasional military much gratified with the many marks of politeness which I received from the inhabitants, and particularly from Dr. Acrigg and Mr Gardener, and likewise. Mr. Pekin, March, 3,-On that day the Lutkins and Mr. Zabriskie, who not on-France; but who can compel the victo- hope that this sacrifice to the the Aris- Emperor published despatches annound ty rendered me every assistance at Parcing that the sieges of Yingkeshaur and amus, but, with a fine span of horses, could only be expected to accede to if tricts instead of rotten boroughs, will Cashgar were raised. The besiegers conveyed me to my residence in Jersey still leave enough of good in the Bill to having fled on the approach of the Impe- City, where I arrived at 2 o'clock this Jour of Com.

Receipts of toll on the New York Ca-The Minister of War announced to report of the discussion of the Chamber the Dublin Morning Register of Tues- and Yarkand, for the purpose of hem | nals from April 15 to Sept. 1, are over ming in the enemy and attacking them | \$711,000; increase from last year, \$1. "We have, by the last packet, what on two sides, "head and tail." Howev- 87,665. For the whole year they are

Observer

NORWAY, TUESDAY, OCT. 4.

NOTICE TO DELINQENTS. LL persons indebted to the late firm of Goodnow & Phenes, are carnes ly tequested to make immediate payment to the subscriber. Those persons who paid nothing from that their several bills are \$3,00, which they can very conveniently forward by mail, or otherwise, upon the receipt of which they will receive a bill acknowledging the same. WM. E. GOODNOW.

Insurrection in Virginia.—The inhabitants of Virginia have been much alarmed (as has been seen heretofore by our readers) at the horrible murders committed by the blacks. From various accounts it seems that there are still fadications of alarm from the reports that there are plans laid by the blacks for the further procecution of their murders (as some would call their deeds of death) of the whites. The breaking out of the insufrection seems to call forth inuch reflection from the people of the U.States. And well it may. We do not side in the part which the blacks have taken in commencing their operations; yet we will uphold them in their endeavors to obtain that liberty to which all are entitled by their birth. Many grant that they ought to be free, and wish that they might. If this is the case (and we do not doubt keeper, on Main street, in this village, it) let such ones engage in the cause of the fr. sdom of the blacks, with all their might, and rest tiot till the curse which is now upon our country, is entirely removed. We have seen it stated (and we believe it) that the slave holding States are not so thriving or prosperous in their business as the free States. If there were but this one fact in favor of freeing the slave hold ing States, we would advocate the masure.-But there are others. In many parts of our states, it is said the population of the blacks exceeds that of the whites, and it will probably deed, and accordingly advised his wife - continue to be more and more so. Admitting this to be the case, what are we hereafter to expect? What we no doubt shall have-a St. Do- not afraid of him. At about 11 o'clock mingo affair. If these states then, would se- in the forenoon, the kitchen-maid who cure themselves from such a farce, let them c- was engaged at washing, below, heard maneipate their slaves; and if they cannot get | the child cry in the chamber, and on gotheir pay for them, let them give their negroes their liberty. They had better do this than lying on the floor with the child in her lose their heads. The more we look at the cen- arms. She immediately gave the alarm, dition of the blacks, the more are we disguited and the neighbors, in company with sevat the thought, that a people who prefers to 2.2 a christian people, and who have themselves per upon the side walk, repaired to the risen in rebellion, and fought to obtain their scene of horror, where they found her lyliberty, should now attempt to hold a defenceless race in slavery. Does it look like Chrictianity, humanity, or any thing less than tyrony of its enother, who was yet alive, but of the highest degree, to make und execute specchieus, and who survived but a few such laws as imposes a heavy fine upon any minutes. Holt had left the house. He person who may be found giving instruction in the rudiments of aducation, and punishing with death any person who shall be consmitted for a second offence? We say no! If we mistake in a short time, by three of his pursuers, not, the above law was passed in Louisiana ahout two years since. If the masters of the negroes were the only sufferers, we would not

FIRE.—On Thursday last, about 4 o'clock P. M. the Porch connected with the house a Capt. John Rust, of this village, was discovered to be on fire; but by the timely assistance of our than that it was on account of family difcitizens with their engine, the devouring the culty. When committed to jail, the ment was arrested before it had made grea. progress. The fre caught by clothes which not great.

say more upon this subject hereafter.

RIOT -An extensive and serious riot took place in Providence R. I. on Friday the 23d ult. Several houses were demolished and some lives beaten by the rioters untill the former resorted to the use of powder and ball, after which the latter soon made a retreat. We shall give the particulars in our next.

a new paper established in Augusta, in this State. It is devoted to the cause of the Farmer and Mechanic. It is of good size and well natural and inhuman father. A great

Patronage vs. Patriotism.—Mercenary men will always resort to the fountain of power, no matter how corrupt.— If a ruler offer rewards for partisan services, he will find men ready to perform them. Thus it is that Gen. Jackson has a strong and indefatigable party in every State, who adhere to him right or wrong, and struggle desperately to carry every election, while his opponents are comparatively inactive. Mr. Adams rewarded no partisans, and was defeated. If way in which all preceding republics crime, but discovered a mind callous to complaint, and there stated that the pris- facts, which it is not convenient to arrange unhave been undermined and overthrown. every humane feeling.

Let us look a moment at the presses. which are now ringing their shouts of triumph over the recent success of the Jackson party in Maine. Not one of to public notice, a meeting was held yesthem is really independent. Not one of terday evening at the Capitol, for the them but gets a share of the public mon- purpose of appointing delegates to the By 28 a reward fer its Jacksonism. All Convention at Baltimore. It was nuof them have the county printing and ad- merous and respectable, especially convertising of the respective counties. - sidering the season of the year, when so For instance, the new County Commis- many are absent, and the shortness of sioners direct all petitions for roads, and the notice. The meeting was addressed other printing, to the office of the Maine in an animated style by Robert G. Scott, Patriot, although that paper circulates Esq. who was repeatedly applauded. little if any more than half as many pa- For particulars, the Delegates selected, pers as the Journal. Is this to give the and the Central Committee, we refer to designed information to the people of the the official proceedings. It is proper to county, or is it to reward party services? observe, that the meeting, although ap-The Argus has the State printing and ad- prised that this Congressional District ding 17,553,273 serfs and free laborers, vertising. That paper with the Maine will be entitled to but one vote in the Patriot, and the Eastern Republican, Convention, appointed five Delegates. print the laws and advertisements of the in order that every part of the District U. S. "by authority." The Jackson ed- may be represented. The five, howev-"itors in Eastport, Belfast and Paris have er, will enjoy but one vote among them. been made postmasters by President Mesers. Stanard and Johnson, nominat-Jackson. Good men were removed to ed as Delegates at large, will unquesmake places for them. The editor of tionably, in their high reputation, find a the Lincoln Intelligencer has an office in ready confirmation and approval through

the printing and other patronage of attended. the State and U. S. officers in York Co. The Marshal, all the Sheriffs, all the cus- | various parts of the State, to make a tom house officers—nearly all the post- movement in this behalf, and even remasters—jive their printing and their proached for her sluggishness. She now advertising only to Jackson editors. In calls upon those who have prompted her, many counties even the Judges of Pro- to follow her example, made the more scriber. Those persons who paid nothing from many counties even the Judges of Pro- to follow her example, made the more In this town, on the 15th ult. by Jonathan April 13, 1829, to Oct. 4, 1830, are informed bate order; all their advertisements in incumbent, by their own invitations that Swift, Esq. Mr. ENOCH HOLT, Jr. of Alba-Jackson papers, whatever may be the she should set it. Under these circum- ny, to Miss MARY J. PINGREE, of Norway. wish of executors—the design being to stances, we cannot doubt that the step! break down and starve out every independent printer; to control the public press and continue a miserable administration is power by keeping the people in ignorance of its merits; while the office holders and jobbers are filling their pockets with the people's money. Such are the men who have just triumphed. and such the means by which they have done it. We shall arraign them pretty often before the bar of public opinion, so long as our subscribers pay us money enough to keep the old press moving.

Kennebec Journal. From the Buffalo Patriot Sept. 6th HORRID MURDER.—It becomes our painful duty to record one of the foulest murders which can be found in the annals of crime. Dibdill Holt, a grocery yesterday morning, in open day, most inhumanly murdered his wife. The facts, as near as we can learn, are these: Holt has for some time been in the habit of intemperance, and frequently abused his wife. On Thursday night last he dismissed his clerk, and closed his store, which was in the front part of the house in which his family resided. From his conduct, some of his nearest neighbors suspected he contemplated some evil to leave the house for her own safety, which she refused to do and said she was ing to learn the cause, found Mrs. Holt eral gentlemen, who happened to be ing on the foor, with her child upon her arm, which was covered with the blood was immediately pursued, and through the vigilance of the citizens, was found secreted near a log, in the bushes, about a raile from his house, and lodged in jail, mourn were they to loose their blood. We may where he will probablly remain till he suffers the punishment due to his crime. On being arrested, he made no resistance, but refused to give any reason why be had committed the awful deed, other sum of one hundred and eight dollars in were near the chimney to dry. The loss is bills, and some change, was found in his pockets, together with a razor and jackknife. On delivering up the razor, we understand, he stated that he had intended to kill himself with it, but had not lost. The civil and military authorities were done it, because his mind had been otherwise occupied. Mrs. Holt was an amiable woman, and has left three small children the oldest about four years of age, to mourn their bereavement of an New Paper.—We have received a number a sectionate mother, who has been torn from them by the cruel hands of their unnumber of wounds were found upon her heal, one of which was upon the back part of it, and apparently inflicted with a hammer, which appears to have been driven into her head up to the handle. A corone 3 jury returned a verdict, that she came to her death by blows inflicted with a hanise; by her husband. When the examination of the witnesses was commenced, Eolt, being present, admitted that his wife came to her Coath from blows inflicted by him, and observed that it would be unnecessary to go inic any inquiry on the subject. He desi ned we permit patronage to continue its tri- looking a her mangled corpse, and showumph over principle, how long will our ed not the slightest evidence that he re-Republic last? This is precisely the gretted the commission of the horrid peared before the magistrate to enter his mon newspaper. A selection of increating

[From the Richmond, (Va.) Whig.]

The Meeting at the Capitol .- Pursuant

a custom-house—the Saco Democrat has out the State. Upwards of 200 chizens

Richmond has been stimulated, from will be promptly, vigorously, and extensively followed up. There is no necessity for meetings in every county. One Miss Harriet Loring in each Congressional District is sufficient, but it is desirable that every Distion should be represented.

Our Destinies-The Washington Globe in the course of one of its ridiculously windy eulogies upon its darling patron, calls him "the presiding genius that conducts the administration, and directs the destiny of the Republic." A fine destiny is before us, truly, with such a presiding genius! The most devoted slave of the foulest despot "on this terraqueous globe," as Mr. Crawford says, could say no more of his master. It is evi
WM. Cordwell—Chad F. Jones—Joseph
Durgin—Hiram Richardson—William dent, from the recent tone of the Jackson prints that they are imbibing the common sentiment of the people, at least so far as to look upon this president as a tyrant in spirit and in grain. These mercenary minions begin to speak of his absolute power-his unrestrained control over our destinies, precisely as au Algerine one tailed bashaw would talk of the omnipotent dey! Our destinies then, are in the hands of Andrew Jackson, solus! we have no legislative, judi cial nor popular checks upon his disposal and direction of the fate of the Re- Assessments committed to the subscriber to entrusted with a mere agency in execut- the sixth day of April, A. D. 1831. ing the will of the people, as expressed through their constitution and laws, now assumes to "direct the destiny of the Republic" What a glorious specimen of democracy 1-Ev. Journal.

A story was lately going the rounds of the newspapers, said to be copied from the Chambersburg (Pa.) Republican, stating that Capt. Henry Gambles, of the British ship Lady Sherbroke,shipwrecked near Cape Ray, by which 273 lives were lost, had been tried and condemned at Halifax for intentionally casting away his vessel. The story was however evidently a fabrication. The following article in relation to the loss of that ship, is from the Montreal Vin-

unfortunate passengers of the lady Sherbroke, which latery shipwreck on the coast of Newfoundland, presented themselves yesterday to the Emigrant Society of this city, to be forwarded to Upper Canada. One of them, a man about 60 had two saved, of a family, which, inclu- be thought to deserve, independent of all its coding relatives, consisted of sixteen perto the surface and swam to the shore .-His son escaped similarly. His wife, ereigns sewed into parts of her dress.-These passengers asserted that the capbeastly intoxication; the Captain par- ready within hailing distance of the port of imticularly, who had to be carried into bed by three men, on the evening of the fatal calamity, and that the mate was on the deck about half after 10 o'clock, quite unfit for the performance of his duty. It is a dreadful thing that the cause of so many lives should have been entrusted to such persons. It will be remembered that nearly 300 persons perished by this shipwreck [Transcript.

the wife of a respectable tradesman, was committed from the watch-house to terms, we shall feel no hezitation in rejecting Bridewell, on charges made against her whatever we may deem unsuitable to our purby her husband. On Saturday night it pose appears that the female was in a state of intoxication, in consequence of which besides copious hotices of recent publications, the complainant had her carried to the poiltical and statistical notices believed to be watch-house; yesterday morning he ap worthy of reservation, and useful for reference in a form more convenient than that of a comoner was a habituel drunkard and a thief der deccriptive hexde, are thrown promiscuousnecessities of life, had no teraptation to the newspapers and other journals; sources, steal, and yet was constantly bringing which, being open to all, are not often quoted, home various etticles, which he knew nor always known. If any credit be due to this she could not have got hon. tly. The portion of the Magazine, and it is believed that complainant produced plain decenters eral, it amounts to no more than the produce which have no appearance of having ev- which industry may always claim for having er been used. ... said they were not been a gatherer of scraps and fragments, and his, and the prisoner refuses to account placing them where they may be found when as how she got them. The magistrate expressly for this work, and are intended to afconsented to detain the wife that a fur- ford a glance at our current national literature, ther examination may be had. As the decanters were left at the Police Office by the husband, their owners sea have them by applying there.—N. I. Enq.

By the official cencus, the population of Russia amounts to 43,000,000, incluand 243,548 clergy.

WANTED,



-MMEDIATELY, LA first rate COW. Also a PIG. Inquire at this Office.

A CARD.

The subscriber tenders his grateful acknowledgements to the citizens of Norway, for their prompt and efficient services in saving his house from the fire on Thursday last. JOHN RUST.

MARRIED;

In Hartford, Mr. Ephraim B. Gammon, to Miss Hunnah Thompson-Mr. Hiram Hall of Buckfield, to Miss Mary A. Thompson of H. In Portland, Mr. Simeon H. Purington to

Mr, John Fields to Miss Mary Roberts.

DIED.

In Canton, 18th inst. Mrs. Betsey, wife o Capf. Samuel Simmons, aged 80 years. In Bethel, very suddenly, Mrs. Sarah, wife of

Mr. P. Bartlett aged 54-Mr. Willard, aged 24 In Portland, Mrs. Mary Scott, widow of the late Capt. Andrew Scott, aged 62. In Parsonfield, Major Samuel Pease, a revolutionary soldier, aged 77.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office in Norway. Oct. 1, 1831.

Lovejoy-James Shackley-Ansel Stevens-Cyrus Cushman-Alex. Piper-Darius Fobes -Jonathan Stevens-Joseph Woodman-Hen-W Millett-Matthew Lassell-Charlotte Whitmarsh-Clarisa Frank-Lucy Bartlett-Abagail French-Eliza Furlong WM. REED, P. M.

Notice

IS hereby given to the Proprietors and Own-A ers of the following Shares in the Capital Stock in RUMFORD BRIDGE, in the County of Oxford, that the following sums are due on each of the following Shares on the several public. The man who was unhappily collect by the Directors of said Bridge, dated

> No Shares. Tax. No. Shares. Tax. 8 \$ 13,50 18 \$ 13,50 do. 9 18,50 4,50 13,50 13,50 33 13,50 13,50 16 ~ 73 5,88

Unless said Assessments and all intervening charges are paid to me the subscriber on or before the twenty-ninth day of October next, the said Shares will be sold at Public Vendue, at one of the clock in the afternoor, at the Tavern of Moses F Kimball Esq. m said Rumford, as will discharge the same.
OTIS C. BOLSTER, Tresburer.

Rumford, April 27, 1831.

N. England Magazine.

HE subscribers published, on the first day of July, the first number of a periodical work entitled the NEW-ENGLAND MAGA- that I have used your Dumfrie's remedy ZINE, to be continued monthly, and published The Lady Sherbroke .- Eight of the on the first of the month. Price Five Dot-

The readers of the New-England Magicine will perceive that it is arranged on a pian's mewhat different from that of any periodical work now published in the United States. It does existing publication. It is intended to occupy a station in the ranks of American periodicals, years of age, lost his wife and all his which seemed to be vacant, and to ask for to

The present number exhibits the model which sons. He had gone to the bottom with it is proposed to follow in arranging the mate: his family, but being an expert diver, rose rials of the succeeding ones, rather than the composition and quality of the material itself. We believe, however, that this specimen will not auffer in any respect on a fair comparison who perished, had one and twenty sov- with its predecessors, that have "blossomed, I HE extensive sale and establishbeen exhaled and gone" to oblivion, or withits cotemporaries, that are sailing "on the full tide" of successful experiment," cheered and sastaintain and mate were both in a state of ed by the invigorating air of popularity, and al-

azine shall increase in age, it may go on "from strength to strength," till it shall attain a vigtalent, some of whom have already enjoyed the voluntary approbation of the public in its fullest fruition, have engaged as hecome contributors On the fulfilment of there engagements we place the most perfect reliance, and such fulfilment will enable us to select for future numbers, from a much more copious supply of materials. Contributions of original papers are Singular Case - Yesterday morning solicited-not gratuitsusty-for we intend to pay for those which we sublish, and, of course, while we open our hand to receive on such

In the second department of the Magazine, entitled Monthly Record, there will be found, -that she was in no want of any of the ly together, under the energh title of Aliscella-nies. These articles are derived, mainly, from it will not be thought ursless by read .rs is gencalled for. The literary notices are prepared without assuming the form of elaborate criticism, or aiming at the authoritive dignity of's quarterly review. J. T. & E. BUCKINGHAM.

Boston, July, 1831. I Subscriptions for the above work will be

eccived at this office.

CARE MOTICE.

THE Subscriber has left his books and demands with Levi Whitman Eag. for collection, where all those indebted to him will call and settle. INCREASE ROBINSON.

Norway, Sept. 19th 1831.

Book and Job Printing NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICE . . .

To Rheumatic Invalids. ERSONS suffering under Rheit matic Affection are respectfully assured, that they can obtain of the proprietor and his agents a safe and admirable remedy for RHEUMATISM, however obstinate the disorder may be, and in all its different stages.

IF DR. 3" 3B'S Rheumatic Liniment!

will efford immediate relief to the patient, and has sometimes been attended with such extraordinary success as to cure the most distressing Rheumatism in twenty-four hours, even when of

years standing. This highly valuable Liniment is recommended with a confidence found ed on the experience of many years, not only as a cure for that excruciating disease, but as an excellent application for Stiffness of the Junts. NUMBRESS, SPRAINS, CHILBLAINS, &C.

(This article is considered so superior to every thing else, and to possess such uncommon virtues, that it is ordered from distant parts of the country.)

An agent recently writes: "Please send me a further supply of Jebb's Liniment the first opportunity—I shall probably sell a considerable quantity, as it is recommended by some of our physicians very healy, although contrary to their rules and regulations to give encouragement to such (or, patent) medicines." But it is a most decided proof of their confidence in its invaluable properties.

Me-Another agent writes: "I wish you to forward me some more of Jebb's Liniment, which has recommended itself very highly." Price 50 cts. a bottle.

The painful and debilitating complaint of

receives immediate relief, and in numerous instances has been thoroughly cured, by the administration of

Dumfrie's Remedy for the Piles: FINIS approved compound also mitigates and removes the symptoms which frequently accompany that disorder, and increase the danger of the patient, viz: pains in Loins -Headriche-loss of appetite-Indiges tion, and other marks of debility. .

A relieved Patient writes from a distance, "It is but justice to inform you, for the Piles for sometime past, and have found it eminently successful."

The remedy is quite innocent, and may be administered to all ages and both sexes. Plain and ample Direct not consequently, assume to be a rival to any tions, with a description of the complaint, accompany each package which consists of two boxes, one conchildren, seven in number. Another other portion of the popular favor than it may taing an Owntment, and the other an Electuary.—Price \$1 for both articles, or 50 cents where but one is wanted

DUMFRIE'S Itch Uintment!

__ ed reputation of

Dumfrie's Itch Ointment, encourages the Proprietor to recommend it with renewed confidence to We make no promises of improvement; but the public, as a most innocent as well we are in hopes, that as the New-England Mag- as powerful application for this annoying disease. The most inveterate orous manhood. Centlimen of education and cases have been cured in one hour! by this esteemed Ointment. It contains no Mercury, or other noxious ingredient, and may be confidently applied even to the youngest children. or to pregnant females. Price 37 1-2

> * None genuine unless signed on the out side printed wrapper by the sole Proprietor, T. KIDDER, isnmediate successor to the late Dr. W. T. Conway. For sale with all the other " Conway Medicine," at his Counting Room, No. 29, next door to J. Kidder's Drug Store, corner of Court and Hanover streets, near concert Hall, Boston; and by his special appointment, by ASA PARTON, who has for sale a general assortment of Drugs and Medicines. Large discount to those who buy to sell

Norway Village, Ang. 31 9 TO FARMERS.

WALTED

2350 Yds. Faw W. INDANNED. together with 5 or cold l's. Wool Footings, Long Stockings, MITTE: 5, &c. to complete a montract, for which Dry Soods at fair prices will be given in exchange. Baid articles must be furnished in all the months of August and September. Apply to

12. . CARTER. No. 9, Mu. sey's Row, Middle-St. Portland, who has constantly on hand every description of

Faise and Staple COOTS.

Aug. 12, 1831. Z

LORU,

N the 14th inst. between the Store F of Wm. Pingree and the residence of Charles Cleaves in Norway, a red and white Cotton Ham kerchief containing 2 lbs. No. 10 Cotton Yarn and a Glass Tumbler; the finder will be suitably rawarded by leaving the articles where the subscriber may obtain them.

EBENEZER RICH. Norway, Sept. 19, 1830.

SUCCESSFUE CULTIVATION OF LU-CERNE.

. On the 1st inst. we had the pleasure in vigorous growth, on land in Dorchester, owned by Mr. John Swett. The present crop, which is nearly fit to cut, is the fourth crop the same ground has Capt. S. assures us will average 11-2 tons each to the acre, making the whole produce of the present season equal to six tons per ucre. The quality of this kind of grass is as extraordinary as its quantity per acre; cattle preferring it to any other food, and thriving upon it in a remarkable manner, especially, when cut and fed out green by way of soiling.

Mr. Swett attributes his success in raising this grass to the following causes. He was very careful to clear the land of weeds, and the seeds of unprofitable plants by a series of hoed crops; and sowed the seed thicker than has been usual with cultivators, who have been less successful in raising this valuable product. The soil is a light sandy and graveliv loam, which one would believe not capable of producing any thing that would render its tillage profitable.

It would be well for every cultivator in the vicinity of Mr. Swett of Dorchester to examine the piece of lucerne near the front of his Mansion-house, and be convinced by personal observation, that our soil and climate are not unfavorable to the production of this celebrated product of modern husbandry. N. E. Far.

Broom Corn .- The mania for cultivating Broom Corn in this and the neighboring towns, never raged so universally, as at the present season; the limited cultivation and great consumption, by exportation, of the article last year, very much enhanced the price, and this season but little else appears worthy the attention of our river agriculturists. A ride a few days since through Hadley and Hatfield meadows to Sunderland, confirmed the opinion we had beard expressed, that Corn Brooms must fall from the immense quantities growing along the Valley; wherever we rode, nothing but vast fields of this beautiful crop presented themselves, extending, in some utive in size and grew with a sickly as- we have not yet learned. pect, while the meadow crops rose to twelve and fourteen feet in height and stood close as the thickest forest.

Northampton Courier.

TOAST AND WATER. An infusion of toasted bread in water is one of the most salutary drinks that can be taken by the sick and valetudinary. Dr. Hancock gave his experience in its favor as follows: He cut a large thin slice of bread, toasted it carefully and thoroughly without burning; put it, hot from the fire, in a pint of cold water; allowed it to stand a while, and nal is informed by a gentleman from Then set it on the fire till it was as not as Green Bay, that a serious affray recently tea is usually drunk. He found that five occurred at Praire des Chiens, between or six emps of this water, with or without a party of Menomines, and the Sacs and sugar, were more refreshing, and soon- Foxes. The first were encamped near er took off any fatigue or uneasiness, the fort, having had a drunken frolic, and than any strong wine, strong ale, small their females having hidden their knives beer, warmed coffee or tea (for he had fearing a quarrel among them, they were tried them all,) or any other liquor that defenceless, when they were discovered he knew of.

The Boston Patriot says-Dr. King of North Carolina, a philosopher of considerable repute, who has lectured in this city for some time past, maintains a rough and jagged, that each small point may detach its portion of electric fluid It is said that the rod upon the State House is aftered in this manner.

[We would here recommend Robinson's improved insulating Glass blocks, for securing the rods to buildings, which in fixing up lightning rods that has taken place. They can be had at the Agzicultural Warehouse, Boston.].

... New England Farmer.

has discovered by experiment, that dry late Secretary of War, and those of the comb laid about hives, forms a trap for present Secretaries of the State and the moth, by attracting the miller, which Treasury Departments. deposites its eggs in the comb, where they are easily destroyed. A piece of comb which he placed for the purpose, was completely filled with the moths. Western Tiller.

Protection of Lambs and Geese.—It is but little known, but it is nevertheless a fact, says the Portland Mirror, that a little tar rubbed on the necks of your lambs or geese, will prevent the depredations of foxe mong them, these animals hav- (Monday) with 30 or 40 head of cattle can be had for one dollar, remitted post ing a unconquerable eversion to the on it—no bones broke, no blood shed. smell of tar.

Indigo a eed, stuck plantifully about the harness of a horse, will keep flies at a distance.— Insects have a strong aversion to this plant.

DEFERRED SUMMARY.

The American census for 1830 has been completed, and the result publish- be devoted to agriculture and the meed. The population of the United States | chanic arts. Having the matter in type, which was 9,637,000 in 1820, was last we propose to make up two weekly roythirteen millions, What a prodigy is ges each: one to be entitled, The Farthe growth of this republic! When the mers Register-the other, the Mechanof viewing a very fine plot of lucerne, Revolution commenced, 1776, it had ic's Register. The Farmer's Register less than three millions of inhabitants, will contain agricultural notices, and and now it has thirteen! Then it was such other matter, common to a newspaon a level with Switzerland or Den- per, as will be interesting to that class mark in political consideration; now it from whom we derive the staff of life. The produced this season. These crops is the second naval power in the world! Mechanic's Register will contain such We rejoice in its progress, for its strength general information on mechanics, in adthe cause of truth, Justice and freedom, as will render it a valuable acquisition to no slaves are advancing so much more two publications will contain no adverin 1811, was 12,358,000, 600,000 less information. than the United States last year; and New York alone has very nearly as ma- dollar and fifty cents per annum, paid in ny inhabitants as Scotland had in 1821. advance. As this sum cannot be remit-London Times.

> Mohawk Rail Road .- On Monday af- per will be forwarded on his receipt. finally ran 7 miles and a half in 13 min- tain fifty-two numbers.

down with a train of 4 cars and 68 pas- the reach of every citizen; and, at the sengers in 35 minutes, this being the same time, to make it doubly interesting quickest trip yet made. The speed and by giving important information, suited power of this engine are new fully test- to the avocations of those for whom it is ed, and the only thing remaining is to intended. We admit that it is our deascertain the most convenient fuel.

Albany Daily Advertiser.

Gazette states, on the authority of a let- to the valuable information, pertaining ter from Indiaua, that there are 22 mem- to their special objects, which the title bers of the Senate of that state in favor designates,—it will embody important of Mr. Clay, and 8 in favor of Gen. Jack- state papers, in a convenient form for son. Of the members of the House of preservation. The public mind has been Representatives, 11 are in favor of Clay much excited on the subject, and with a and 34 for Gen. Jackson.

Murder.-We have heard that on Fri places for miles on every side. with its day last a Negro Man was killed in lofty stalk and rich tassel, affording am- Rumney, in this county, by an Irishman, ple testimony to the vegetable richness by inflicting two blows on the head and strength of the soil on the banks of with an axe or hatchet. The fact of the the Connecticut; we saw some little negro's being killed we have no doubt pieces on the uplands which were dimin- of, but the circumstances attending it

[Haverhill N. H. Post.

the natives ikan layer, of about ten or large edition of the first numbers. twelve feet long, which hoists a mainsail, and often sails in the manner of a fully desired to promote the object of native boat, and with considerable swift- this address, and editors with whom we ness. The sails are beautifully cut, and exchange, are requested to give it an inform s model for a fast sailing boat; they sertion in their respective papers. When are composed of the dorsal fins of the an- they take into consideration the extra imal, and when a shoal of these are un- expense incurred by us in furnishing der sail together, they are frequently them the reports and proceedings of Conmistaken for a fleet of native boats.

Indian massacre. The Detroit Jourby a war party of Sacs and Foxes, and 21 killed on the spot.

Floods at the South. The newspapers from Mobile, Alabama, Aug. 28, Savannab and Augusta, Geo. Aug 27, Cam-den and Columbia, S. C. Aug. 27 and 28, new theory respecting lightning rods, contain numerous notices of the great that they should not be smooth, but rains and destructive inundations all thro' that quarter of the Union. The wharves at Mobile and Augusta were flooded and the cellars filled, and much damage was done to warehouses while the crops generally were very seriously injured.

The wife of Oliver M'Castins of Fairwe consider the greatest improvement field Pa. recently gave birth to two daughters and a son who are doing well. She had two girls and a boy at a previous birth, promising children; but one only survives.

We learn that visits of courtesy have Bee Moth.-A friend informs us, he been exchanged between the lady of the

Journal of Com.

Mr. Stephen Heath of Chester, N. H. was killed on the 20th ult. by Oliver Welch, near Derry village, with a white oak stake.

The Governor of New Jersey offers a reward of \$250 for the apprehension of Wm. Clark, charged with the murder of Sanders Powell.

Solon bridge broke down yesterday, Somerset Jour.

ROPOSALS for publishing in the city of Washington two Weekly Newspapers, (in pamphlet form) one to be entitled,

THE MECHANIC'S REGISTER, THE OTHER,

THE FARMER'S REGISTER. A Portion of the daily Telegraph will

year 12,976,000, or, in round numbers, al sheets, to contain sixteen octavo paand glory belong to the people, and to dition to the ordinary newspaper notices all over the world. It is pleasant to ob- the library of that useful class of citiserve, that the states in which there are zens for whom it is intended. These rapidly than the others. The fact tisements but those connected with agrenders the evils of slavery more palpa- riculture and the mechanic arts. For VEL, STONE, & all URINARY OBSTRUC ble, and holds out the prospect of dimin- these works we ask the special contribu- TIONS; FISTULA, PILES, STRICTURES ishing every year in relative importance. tion of those, whose avocations in life The population of Scotland and England, enable them to give practical and useful

> The price for these will be one ted by mail, any postmaster is authorized to receive it on account, and the pa-

ternoon the American locomotive De The editor is willing, where one in-Witt Clinton, in returning from Sche- dividual will obtain eight or more subnectady, with a train of cars overtook the scribers, & remit one dollar& twentyfive coaches drawn by the horses, which had cents for each, to forward these papers started some time previously, returned at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five several miles, overtook them again, and cents per volume. Each volume to con-

The object of both these works will Yesterday morning the engine came be, to place a cheap newspaper within sire that they shall find their way to the The English engine was taken up to fire-side of every honest citizen; and the work shop at Schenectady yesterday. we are resolved to do all in our power to make them worthy of such favor .-The Register will contain a due propor-Indiana Legislature.- The National tion of political matter, and in addition view to embody in a condensed form,an authentic account thereof, the first numders will contain the correspondence between Gen. Jeckson and Mr. Calhoun, which will be followed up by the publications explaining the cause of the dissolution of the late cabinet; thus embodying a mass of interesting history upon that subject, in a pamphlet form .-As it is expected that; many village and neighborhood clubs will be formed for There is at Singapore a fish, called by their circulation, we intend to publish a

> Our subscribers and agents are respectgress, the request will not appear unreasonable. The favor will be reciprocated if desired. DUFF GREEN.

PRINTING TYPES, PRESSES, drc. drc.

WILLIAM HAGER & CO. FFER for sale at their Type and street, New-York, a complete assortment | costiveveness, &c. of Printing Types, &c. &c. They have

or 7 1-2 per cent. discount for cash. Six line Pica and all larger, Cannon to six line Pica, Double English to Double Paragon, Great Primer to Double Pica, Pica and English, Small Pica, Long Primer, Burgeois, 58 Brevier, 70 Minion, 90 Nonpariel, 116 Agate, 140 Pearl, Diamond,

are the prices, 6 months credit, of both and infirmities. kinds.

Medium, Super Royal, New York, March 3d, 1831.

JOURNAL OF HEALTH. DUBLISHED twice a month, \$1,paid to SAMUEL COLEMAN, Portland, calling on Dec. 7. Agent for Maine.

HEALTH SECURED.

BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES

OF THE BRITISH COLLEGE OF HEALTH,

LONDON; Which have obtained the approbation an recommendation of some Thousands of Cures,

IN CONSUMPTIONS, CHOLERA MOR BUS, INFLAMATIONS, internally or externally; DYSPEPSIA, FEVERS, AGUE, INDIGESTION, BILLIOUS OF NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, & all diseases of the Liv-ER: YELLOW FEVER, GOUT, RHEUMA-TISM, LUMBAGO, TIC DOLOREUX, ST. VITUS'S DANCE, EPILEPSY, APOPLEXY, PARALYSIS, PALSY, GREEN SICKNESS and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which sends so many of this fairest portion of the creation, in Consumptions, to their untimely graves; SMALL POX MEASLES, WHOOPING COUGH, SCAR LET FEVER, ASTHMA, JAUNDICE, GRA RUPTURES, and SYPHILIS, in all its sta ges; CONSTIPATED BOWELS, WORMS Scurvey, Itchings of the Skin,-King's Evil, and all Gutaneous Dis-ORDERS; in short, every Complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms an names; as the HYGEIAN conviction is,

MAN IS SUBJECT TO ONE ONLY REAL DISEASE. THAT IS, TO THE IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, gle of this vital, pure stream of life, the its pillar, and truth alone for its capital." gift of Almighty power, to disencumber The necessity of an Institution of this itself of its viscous, acrid humours, with kind, under the direction of competent which it has become commixed, through Professors; must be strikingly evident the negligence of parents; the ignorance to all who have reflected upon the subor maltreatment of the Doctors; or the ject of medical Reform The prevailing vicious, or gormandizing propensities of practice of Physic and Surgery is genus all.

man, and therefore destructive of the hu- universally known and experienced. man frame) is found to be perfectly harmtion, with the least possible sensation of that of other Medical Colleges. feeling, or pain, or exaustion of bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold, or attention to dress or diet, in any way different to their accustomed

These pills cure in all cases, and can in no way be outdone. Experience, which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact; and extensive use of them, has already verified its truth in this

These Medicines cure by purging, and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate, are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body two or more years, to complete a course is of its bad humors; they invariably too, procure a sound sleep. They are the sasest and most efficatious Medicine to Stereotype Foundry, No. 29 Gold take to sea; preventing all scurvy,-

The operation of this (in every case) lately completed series of founts from mild medicine, which conveys immedi-Pica to Diamond, of a light face and ate conviction of its utility from the first beautiful cut, which they offer with great | dose, is as beneficial to the mind as to confidence as being very superior articles. the body; first calming, then curing all The following are their prices, (uniform Mental derangements, Eccentricities, Nerwith other foundries,) 6 months credit, vous Affections, Irritabilities, and Restlessness, from whatever source : complaints found them all to proceed from accrimonious humors in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind, discovered a cheap and universal mode of purifying, curing, and prevent-

The being cured of any disease, infirmity or sore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain procedure—perseverance All other articles of the Type Foun- in the Vegetable Universal Medicines dry in proportion. William Hager & Co. will always restore nature to her due cast their book founts of a metal much course. The literary and sedentary of lighter than the kind commonly in use, both sexes, whose pursuits so much imand which they will warrant much more pair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for pre-They are agents for the sale of the serving the energy and sprightliness of by Rust, and for the "Smith Press," health; Old age will be attained by the ded. made by R. Hee & Co. The following use of them, and passed free from pain

\$250 Imperial. No. 1, \$250 of other medicines. They only require 240 Do. do. 2, 260 to be persevered in with sufficiently large do. 3, 275 doses and the nations will always are doses, and the patient will always come off well; -- when a disease is obstinate, patients do not take doses large enough. ***For sale by the subscriber, who is the on-

> box sold by him is warranted to be direct from London Certificates of cures may be seen by ASA BARTON. Norway Village, Sent. 26, 1831. 15 ly

MEN-SURE REFEREED MEDICAL CULLEGE.

HE Public are respectfully informded that an Institution is established, and in successful operation, in the city of New-York Eldridge street, between Grand and Broome, denominated the "REFORMED MEDICAL COL-LEGE," under the jurisdiction of the Reformed Medical Society of the United States ;-that this Institution has arisen from its own intrinsic merits, notwithstanding the opposition of illiberal and interested Physicians, to an eminence and celebrity which has exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its friends.

In this College, a system of practice is taught altogether superior to that taught in other Medical Schools, or pursued by other Physicians, the remedial agents being principally derived from the vegetable kingdom. Its efficacy has been proved for more than half a century. combining the improvements of the most distinguished Medical Reformer's of this or any other age. It has been tested in every variety and form of disease, and its salutary effects witnessed where the mercurial or mineral treatment had been pursued without the least effect, except great injury to the constitution. Its superiority has been so repeatedly demonstrated, as to satisfy the most wavering and sceptical; and it is chiefly owing to this success, that we are indebted for the elevated charac ter and reputation of our Reformed Medical Colleges. In short, the sysfrom whence springs every Complaint tem of practice we teach, "like the Dorthat can possibly assail his complicated ic Column, stands simple, pure and majesframe; and that it is the perpetual strug- tic, having fact for its basis, induction for

erally admitted to be replete with dan-This valuable Medicine, being com- ger to-the health and lives of mankind. posed only of vegetable matter, or med- MERCURY, the LANCET, and the KNIFE, icinal herbs, and warranted, on oath, as are now the means chiefly relied upon containing not one particle of mercurial, forthe removal of almost every disease mineral, or chemical substances, (all of incident to the human body, notwithwhich are uncongenial to the nature of standing their deleterious effects are so

The benefits to be derived by an atless to the most tender age, or the weak- tendance at this Institution, will, we est frame, under every stage of human trust, be duly appreciated by those who suffering; the most pleasent and benign wish to acquire a correct knowledge of in its operation, and at the same time, the healing art. Here the Student will the most certain in searching out the be taught all the ordinary routine of root of every complaint, however deep, practice that is deemed necessary, in and of performing a cure, that was ever addition to the Botanical; and in conseoffered to the world. This wonderful quence of his residing in the Institution, effect, too, is produced by the least pos- and pursuing a systematic course of sible of all trouble to the patients, by study, combining each of those departmerely swallowing a certain number of ments, he may acquire a knowledge of small pills, and being called a few ex- both in a short space of time, and at a tra times to the purposes of evacua- very small expence, in comparison with

The following are taught, both on the old and modern, or Reformed System, by lectures, recitations, examinations, and suitable text

I. Anatomy and Physiology. 2. Materia Medica and Pharmacy

3. Theory and Practice of Physic and Surgery.

4: Midwifery.

5. Theoretical and Practical Boluny. 6. Chemistry.

7. Medical Jurisprudence, &c. There being an Infirmary connected with the College, the Student will have the benefit of Clinical Practice, by which the experimental,

There will be no specified time to complete a course of study, but whenever a student of qualified to pass an examination, he will receive a Diploma. Some will require one year, others

or practical part of medicine, will be acquired

Students will have an opportunity of attending the New-York Hospital, in addition to the Infirmary, where many hundreds of medical and surgical cases are daily exhibited, and Lectures delivered, Operations performed, &c. with the

benefit of an extensive medical library. For the information of some, we wish to state that this System of Practice has no connection with that disseminated by Dr. Samuel

REQUISITIONS.—The qualifications for admission into the school will be ;-1. A Certificate of good moral character. 2. A good English ed-

TERMS.—The price for qualifying a persou which have heretafore not been proper- to practice, including board and all the advanly understood, as the Hygeists have tages of the Institution, will be at the reduced price of \$250, payable in advance; or \$150, in advance and \$150 at the time of graduating .-Some allowance will be made for those in indigent circumstances.—The price of a Diploma will be ten dollars.

Every student will be expected to supply himself with bed and bedding, books, fuel, &c. which may be purchased in this city at a very small price.

We have the pleasure to announce that our School is in successful opperation; there having heen about thirty graduates during the present spring, and that there is an opening and a demand in every section of the United States for those educated in its Principles and Practice

Those wishing further information, will please address a letter (post paid) to the under

The public are cautioned against the reports and misrepresentations of interested Physicians who are unacquainted with the System of "Washington Printing Press," invented the imagination, and improving their Practice, and the Principles on which it is foun-

> Students may enter the School at any period, but the Spring, or Fall, is preferable. W. BEACH, M. D. PRINCIPAL.

These require none of the mysteries N. York Reformed Medical College, May. 1831 JOURNAL OF LAW:

THIS is the title of a new publication, issued from the office of the Journal of Health and conducted by an association of the members of the Bar. 25 per annum or sixteen numbers ly authorized Agent for this County, and every It is published semi-monthly, at \$1,50 per year, in numbers of 16 pages each.

S. COLMAN, Portland, Agent for the work.